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Virginia Gazette

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

RICHMOND: PRINTED BY THOMAS NICOLSON.

JAMES WARINGTON,

Repectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has (in addition to his valuable STOCK on hand) just IMPORTED from LONDON, in the ANN, Captain JACKSON, a general aſſortment of

EUROPEAN AND EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Of the beſt Manufactures, and ſelected under his own inſpection, which will be opened in a few days, and diſpoſed of on the moſt moderate terms for caſh, produce, or ſtate ſecurities, at their current value, under the FIRM of

WARINGTON AND KEENE,

At the STORE of Iſaac Younghuſband, Eſq; oppoſite to Galt's tavern, Wholeſale or Retail, and at their New back STORE, on Shockoe-Hill, near Mr. Francis Graves's, by the PACKAGE or PIECE only —They CONSIST of—

WOOLLENS.
SUPERFINE Broadcloths of various colours.
Cazenet, Caſimers, and Toilanetts.
Second cloths.
Mill'd Drabs.
Yorkſhire Coatings.
Fine Flannels, ſcarlet and white.
Scarlet cloth, 8-4 wide.
Plains, white, red and blue.
Kendal Cottons.
Half Thicks, Stripe Duffil & other Blankets, Rugs, &c.

LINEN DRAPERY.
4-4, 7-8, and 3-4 Iriſh linnens.
Brown and white Iriſh and Scotch Sheeting.
Bed Ticking.
German and Scotch Oznaburg.
Brown Holland.
Huckaback, Diaper, and Damaſk Table Linnen.
Nankeens.
A large aſſortment of beautiful printed Calicoes and Cottons.
Chintz's. Shawles. Palampores. Balaſores.
Jaconet and Book Muſlins.
Check and fine Cord do.
Muſlin Aprons and Handkerchiefs.
Fine Pocket Handkerchiefs.
Printed Fancy and Check Handkerchiefs.
Fine Cambricks.
Long Lawns.

HOSIERY.
Mens and Womens Hoſe, Worſted, Thread, Cotton, Gauze, and Silk.
White, Black and Patent.
Silk and Cotten ditto.
Ditto and Worſted ditto.
Childrens Hoſe.
Gloves and fancy purſes.

MANCHESTER GOODS.
Corduroys, Fuſtians.
Jeans, Velvets, Plain and Printed Velverets.
Velveteens. Honeycombs.
Rib'd Durants. Stockinets
Marſeilles Quilting.
Dimity's, Corded & Plain.
Muſlinets.
Calimancoes and Durants, various colours.

CLOATHS.
Calimanco, Stuff, and Durant Petticoats, various colours and ſizes.
Scarlet, Crimſon, and Purple Cloaks, trimm'd with Furr.
Ready made Surtout Coats.
Livery Coats.
Waiſtcoats and Breeches.
Toilanet Waiſtcoats and Black Satin Breeches
Fancy Gold & Silver Lace
Gold and Silver Bindings, plain.
Ditto Lady's Bands.
Embroidering. Gold thread Tambouring. Do. Spangles and Pearls.
Gold and Silver Fringes.
Gold and Silver wove Coat and Veſt Buttons.
Silk Veſts, with Furr and Shag borders, &c. &c.

SILKS.
Rich China Taffaties.
Luſtrings, Amozeens, and Satins in various colours.
Rich ell wide Black Satins.
Modes.
Sarſenets and Perſians.
Rich Florentine
Silk Shag, and a variety of Waiſtcoating
Barcelona Hankerchiefs, black and plain
Bandanoe Hankerchiefs.
Variety of Pelong Satins.
Tiffany's, plain and ſpotted.
Italian Crapes.
Faſhionable colour'd Gauzes
Variety of Chain, Net, and other Gauzes, black and white, and Catgut.
Velvet Ribbons.
Plain, figured, and hair Ribbon, Taſte, &c.

HABERDASHERY.
Threads Tapes. lb. Pins. Paper ditto.
White Chappel and London Needles.
Shirt and Jacket Buttons.
White Thread Fringes, for Waiſtcoats & curtains.
Hats and Bonnet Wires.
Do. Pins in variety.
Womens and Girls Stays.
Aſſorted Oſtrich Feathers and Flowers.
Variety of Fur Trimmings and Fur Muffs.
Thread and Blond Edging.
Gauze Point Lace.
Variety of Fans, Umbrellas.
Sewing Silk and Twiſt.
Dolls dreſs'd & undreſs'd.

HATS.
Mens fineſt Beaver, cocked and round.
Ladies fine ditto.
Boys & Girls do. aſſorted.
Mens and Youths Caſtors.
Mens Japan'd Hats.

GLOVES.
Mens Beaver lined with fur and lamb ſkin.
Womens Habit ditto.
Mens Doe and Waſh white French Kid.
Lady's Dog-ſkin, Habits, Silk, Jean, and Holland Gloves.

London made Shoes & Boots Of extra quality.
Calaſh'd Double Soled and Single ditto.
Mens Dog-ſkin and womens ſtrong Morocco, of all colours.
Common Leather do. Shoes and Pumps
Silk and Satin ſhoes.
Childrens of all ſorts and ſizes
Womens Calimanco, Laſting and Satinet of all colours.
Sole Leather. Calf ſkins.
Stirrup and Bridle Hides.
Skirt Hides. Harneſs Hides.
Rein Hides.
Hog-ſkins. Morocco ſkins, red, green, blue, and black.

SADDLERY.
Mens Womens beſt London Saddles of all prices.
Aſſortment of whips.
Do. Spare Sadlery.
Velvet and Leather Caps.
Boot Garters. Trunks, &c.

PERFUMERY.
Eſſence of Burgamot and Lavender.
Scented Powder. Pomatum.
Sal Poignant.
Powder Bags and Puffs.
Waſh balls and ſcented ſoap.
Razor Pouches, fitted with beſt Inſtruments.
Shaving Boxes filled.
Diamond Powder, Razor Straps, Chineſe Tooth Bruſhes, Combs, &c.

FURNITURE.
Compleat ſetts Mahogany Dining Tables, with circular end on Frames. Sopha's.
Secretary Book Caſes.
Elegant Celleret Side-Board Sweep-Fronts.
Neat Mahogany wine coolers, Octagon and Saxagon Looking Glaſſes
Knife Caſes, Backgammon Tables. Tea Caddies
Fine Mattraſſes of all ſorts, Bolſters and Pillows.
Floor Cloths, Carpets and Carpeting.
Elegant Paper Hangings, &c. &c.

PEWTERY.
Pewter Baſons, all ſizes.—Diſhes and Plates.
Chamber Pots. Ink Stands, Spoons, &c.

STATIONARY.
Pott Writing Paper.
Folio and Quarto Poſt.
Wraping Paper. Blotting and Cartridge do.
Quills, Wafers, and Wax.
Bound Blank Books, and ſetts for counting houſes.
Files with Laces.
Harry and Andrew Playing Cards.

LAW BOOKS.
Conſiſting of the Works of Blackſtone—Brown—Raymond—Salkeild—Cocke—Sayer—Vizey,—Domat—Hardwick—Dalton—Gilbert—Hale—Cunning—Lilly—Hargrave—Bacon—Comyns—Duglaſs—Cooper—Jacobs—Peere—Williams—Reeves—Cruiſe—Hinde—Powell—Morgan—Impey—Sheridan—Highmore, &c.

ALSO
Puffendorff on the Laws of Nature, &c.—Lex—Mercatorias—Claſſicks—Aſtronomy—Mathematicks—Arithemetic—Book keeping—Dictionaries—Hiſtory—Novels—Voyages, &c.

FIRE ARMS.
London made fowling pieces.
Long Barrels double bridled Duck Guns. Low priced Guns.
Double and Single Barrels.
Silver mounted Piſtols.
Braſs mounted ditto. Pocket ditto.

JEWELLERY.
Great variety of Shoe and Knee-Buckles, in Paſte, Plated, &c. &c.
Pins, Lockets, Shirt Buckles, &c.

HARDWARE.
Mens fancy Metal Buttons, of the very neweſt taſte.
Plated Spurs of all ſorts, and Stirrup Irons.
Fine and Coarſe Table Knives.
Fine Pen Knives, 1, 2, and 4 blades.
Claſp ditto in variety.
Lady's Pocket Books with Inſtruments.
Silver Thimbles &c. &c.
Braſs, Japan and ſtock locks
Spring Lock HL Hinges
Carpenter's Tools.
Bolts, Axes, Adzes, Hoes, Scythes.
Nails, 4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, 20d, and 30d.
12d. & 20d. brads. Iron pots.
Bar Iron and Steel.
Counter ſcales and weights. Money do.

Earthen and Stone Ware.
Crates of fine and coarſe Earthen Ware.
Fine ſideboard Glaſs, in Decanters, Wines, Clarets, Gobl'ets, Tumblers, &c.
Beſt London Crown Glaſs, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12.
Beſt mill'd Sheet Lead.
Fine ſtarch and Queen's blue.
Durham Muſtard.

Ground Paints in Oil.
Spaniſh Brown. Green.
White Led. Yellow Oker.
Linſeed Oil beſt boiled, in Jugs and per Gallon.

Loaf Sugars, from 6 pound to 14 pound.
White and Brown Candy Barley Sugar.
Current Jelly.
Red and pale Jeſuits Bark.

WINES.
Fine old London bottled. Port.
Ditto old Sherry.
London Porter, bottled.
Do. in Hogſheads & Caſks.
Corks.
F. FFF. Gunpowder.
Shot No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.
Beſt Poland Starch, &c. &c.
A few Harpſicords, Guitars, &c. will be Sold low.

To be Sold,

At Prince Edward Courthouſe, on the third Monday in November next, agreeable to a clauſe in the Revenue act, the following tracts or parcels of land, or ſo much thereof as will ſatisfy the taxes due thereon for the years 1784, 85, and 86.

	Acres.
CLAIBORNE Barkſdale,	200.
John Boſtick's eſtate,	400.
Wm. Bumpaſs,	246.
Robert Crowder's eſtate,	400.
Joſiah Crowder,	603.
Nathan Chaffen,	400.
Robert Daniel,	100.
George Davis,	200.
Wm. Elam,	
Charles Hundley,	133.
Judith Hill,	200.
Jacob Lockett,	300.
John M'Cune,	100.
James Marcum,	161½.
Buckner Nunilly,	200.
John Patterſon's eſtate,	200.
James Pleaſants,	1100.
Robert Pleaſant,	425
Robert Ranſome,	100.
Nathan Thurmon,	200.
John Zachary,	176
Edward Wood's eſtate,	161.
William Bennet,	200.
Mary Brooks.	320.
Micajah Harriſs's eſtate,	150.
Joſeph Mann,	200.
Thomas Murry,	240.
Henry Perkins,	235.
Francis Simmons,	
James Smith,	100.
Nathan Thurman,	330.
Robert Clapton,	400.
John Clarke,	120.
Zachariah Cumpton,	50.
David Harriſs,	55.
John Harriſs,	244.
Robert Jameſon,	150.
Robert M'Cune,	50.
Robert Mattox,	200.
Wm. Nexon,	100.
Wm. Shelton,	562.
John Mahon,	100.
John Boſtick's eſtate,	400.
Charles Cockquran,	400.
Samuel Arbuckle,	300.

J. HOLCOMBE, D. S.

To be Sold,

At Prince Edward Courthouſe, on the third Monday in November next, agreeable to a clauſe in the Revenue act, the following tracts or parcels of land, or ſo much thereof as will ſatisfy the taxes due thereon for the years 1784, and 1785.

	Acres.
William Booker,	125.
Mary Brooks,	320.
Edmond Booker,	350.
Tabitha Callwoate,	100.
James Cole, jun.	377.
Robert Clopton,	400.
George Cotes,	188.
General Samuel Elbert,	169½.
Abſalom Fears,	200.
Charles Hundley,	133.
Richard Jones,	550.
Charles Knight,	180.
John Mohorn,	100.
William Viwbitt,	70.
James Roan,	900.
Richard Towns,	150.
Gruf Howerton,	265.
Thomas Howerton,	100.
Joſiah Womark,	500.

Theſe below are for the year 1785.

	Acres.
John Bouldwin,	600.
Charles Cockquran,	400.

PHILIMAN HOLCOMBE, D. S.

Foreign Intelligence.

Received by the Britiſh Packet Halifax, arrived at New York, on the 25th ult.

UTRECHT, *July* 21.

OUR garriſon having augmented, ſo as not to fear an attack from the Stadtholderian army, the Council of Regency has come to the reſolution, to order the commanding officers of the different batteries eſtabliſhed for the defence of the city, to fire upon the enemies troops as ſoon as they approach within gun-ſhot; it has been further reſolved, in caſe the city was really attacked, not to enter into any capitulation whatever with the enemy, and that thoſe who ſhall go out of the city, to ſpeak with them, ſhall be regarded as enemies to the country, if they have not been expreſsly commiſſioned by the Council to do ſo. It has further been reſolved, that the Council cannot of itſelf make any capitulation tending to deliver up the city to the enemy, without the concurrence and expreſs approbation of the corps of Burgeſſes, and of the commiſſion eſtabliſhed to regulate the operation of defence. This laſt precaution has been judged neceſſary on account of the examples of the cities of Hattem and of Wyk, whoſe regencies ſurrendered the places to the enemy contrary to the advice of the Burgeſſes, who would willingly have defended them.

LONDON, JULY 16.

FROM the Hague we learn, that Timmerſman, the Captain of the cavalry, who was taken into cuſtody for having attempted to ſeduce two battalions of the regiment of Philipſthal in the garriſon there is committed to priſon, where he will remain till he is tried for his life.

The equeſtrian order, and the ſmall towns where they have influence, have inſiſted on requeſting the Princeſs of Orange to come to the Hague &c The town of Amſterdam oppoſe this meaſure, and offer many reaſons againſt it; but it is not true that they have propoſed to baniſh the Princeſs, the Stadtholder and family, from the Province of Holland, as has been reported.

By the ſame accounts, we hear, that the officers of the burgeſſes at the Hague had ſecretly agreed with the officers, or at leaſt ſome of the officers of the garriſon, to take their departure with what numbers they could collect to meet the Princeſs of Orange, when ſhe ſhould arrive at a ſmall diſtance from the Hague; but this was prevented by the arreſt of her Highneſs. M le Droſſart, Vander Meer has diſcovered behind the houſe of Doelen, where the council of war of the burgeſſes of the Hague is kept, five cheſts of fire arms, and 2200 cartouches made up; theſe cheſts had been ſecreted there by three officers of that faithful corps, who are known. The College of the Deputy Council being informed of this, the cheſts were brought to them, but at the requeſt of the magiſtrates, they were depoſited under the Town-houſe, where it is hoped they will be put to a very different uſe from that which they were deſigned to ſerve. Such is the plot which has been fortunately diſcovered; and it is on ſuch plots that William the Fifth depends for ſucceſs! [Amſterdam Gazette, publiſhed by authority.]

Accounts from France ſpeak very poſitively of hoſtile preparations there, and that twenty-nine ſhips of the line, and thirteen frigates, are fitting out with all poſſible diſpatch.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, July 6.

"The troubles are univerſal in all the provinces of the Republic; no means of accommodation ſeem probable, and probable, arms muſt decide the matter. The rage of the Stadtholderian party is at its height, ſince the refuſal of the paſſage to the Princeſs; but the States of Holland had ſuch legitimate reaſons for their conduct in that reſpect; the plan was ſo clear, ſo evident, to overturn every thing at the Hague, that we cannot ſufficiently bleſs Heaven for the obſtacle put, by ſtopping her Royal Highneſs in her march. The pretended propoſitions of peace that are alledged, did not ſtand in need of any ſecrecy; it was going to work in a very ſuſpicious manner; to come clandeſtinely, without having communicated the matter to any but thoſe known for their influence over the populace.

"The general plan was well combined, which was to ſtrike a great blow in all the provinces of the Republic at once, beginning at the Hague. We need but approximate what paſſed at Nimeguen, Zutphen, Doeſburg, Thiel Bommel, Middlebourgh, &c. &c preciſely on the 29th, the day alſo deſigned for committing the ſame exceſſes in Holland, and we ſhall ſee if theſe ſame States of Holland are ſo much to blame for having provided for the ſafety of their province. Upwards of 3000 Orange cockades were ready to be diſtributed at the moment of the arrival of the Princeſs at the Hague; detatchments of the mob were poſted in all the neceſſary places, and about three hundred houſes were marked for pillage. Theſe are not ſimple aſſertions, they are truths, proved by evidence, and which all the declarations in the world, cannot do away. The Princeſs has not received the ſlighteſt injury, and it was much better for her to turn back, than to ſee an univerſal maſſacre become the conſequence of an inconſiderate ſtep."

Auguſt 1. A correſpondent aſſures us as an undoubted fact, that there has been no amendment or renewal of any treaty whatever between the Courts of Britain and Pruſſia, within theſe laſt ſix months, and it is alſo certain that our Court will in no other manner interfere in the inteſtine diſputes of Holland, but in their Electoral capacity, if they do at all.

Orders were on Monday ſent off from the Admiralty-office to Portſmouth and Plymouth, to furniſh his Majeſty's ſhips now fitting at thoſe ports with ſix months proviſions and ſtores.

The debates in the Parliament of Paris already relax. The two moſt conſpicious members in the oppoſition to the King's meaſures are ſent into exile.

The Breſt preparations are countermanded---all is peace again at Paris.

M. Neckar is not returning into the Councils of finance--on the contrary, he is the declared opponent to the objects of new taxation, ſo generally unpopular through France.

Auguſt 2. An order from the navy-board to the contractor, to provide thirty thouſand beds, in addition to the twenty thouſand we mentioned before, which will equip above 60 ſail of the line.

The navy-board have alſo wrote to the maſters and ſurgeons that are out of employment, to leave their addreſſes, to be found when called for.

There is alſo an order ſent down to the maſter attendant, for all the officers in ordinary, to keep on board their reſpective ſhips.

Forty extra labourers have been entered in Deptford yard, as well as other yards, to aſſiſt in the ſtores.

The ſailors belonging to the ſhips in the river Thames, dread ſleeping on board at night, fearing a ſudden preſs.

Mr. Greenville, on Saturday ſet off for Harwich, and there embarked on board a packet for Holland. Whether his errand thither is of a political nature, we have not been able to learn. Report ſays that it is.

Not a mail arrives but brings over diſpatches from the Pruſſian Ambaſſador reſiding in London. Count Luſi received three packets on Monday, which occaſioned the meeting of the foreign Ambaſſadors the ſame night, at his houſe in Poultney-ſtreet.

The Parliament of Paris ſtill ſeems refractory, and a few days ago ſent a deputation to Verſeilles, with a remonſtrance againſt ſome of the propoſed taxes: The King's anſwer, which was read in full aſſembly, was ſhort and decided: ——

"That it was abſolutely neceſſary to take ſome meaſure for the ſupplying the annual deficit in the revenue. That the reforms he had begun, and was continuing to make in his houſhold, though conſiderably greater than he had at firſt conſidered them, were nevertheleſs inſufficient to the end: That loans were in themſelves burthenſome, and might in time lead him to fail in his engagements towards his ſubjects, and therefore that ſome new taxes ſeemed the only remedy: That he had in his Council determined on thoſe which were moſt proper on the occaſion, and recommended to the Parliament to regiſter his edicts without delay: That he was not offended with the remonſtrance they had made, but it was the laſt he ſhould receive on the ſubject."

It is not always eaſy to foreſee events; but the French ſeem to make great advances towards liberty, or at leaſt the deſire of it; to which aſſiſtance the French Court gave to America, and are now diſpoſed to give to the Lepublicans in Holland, does not a little contribute: They argue, and more freely than formerly, that if it is juſt and reaſonable to ſpend their blood and treaſures, in defence of liberty in other countries, it can be neither unjuſt, nor unreaſonable to eſtabliſh it at home.

Extract of a letter from Bologne, July 20.

"Mr. de Winter, Commiſſary of his Imperial Majeſty's army, is arrived here in five days from Vienna, being ordered to form the neceſſary magazines for the ſubſiſtence of the Auſtrian army, who have received orders to march into the Low-Counties. The Count de Metternich, Miniſter from the Emperor, has preſented Requiſitorial letters for the paſſage of theſe troops, which was immediately granted."

Extract of a letter from Rotterdam, July 24.

"An anſwer, rather prolix, is juſt publiſhed, to the King of Pruſſia's memorial; but it is generally ſuppoſed will not be deemed ſatisfactory to the Pruſſian monarch. If ſo, a war, it is thought, is inevitable.

"The States of Holland have juſt now declared that they ſhall maintain and protect the new deputies from Utrecht in the States-General; and thoſe of Amersfort will not be permitted to come into their province. The mediation of France is only accepted by the patriotic party; and will therefore probably be without effect.

"The gates of this city have been kept ſhut for ſeveral days, on account of ſome commotions among the boors of the neighbourhood, but they are again opened, and all is at preſent quiet.

"Thoſe provinces are at preſent in a moſt deplorable ſtate; nor is there any proſpect of healing the diviſions without foreign interference."

There are other reaſons beſides the ties of conſanguinity between our Sovereign and the Prince of Orange, to induce the Britiſh Council to ſupport the Houſe of Naſſau's influence in Holland; for if that was at an end, there is a great probability there would be alſo an end to the lucrative commerce carried on between England and the Seven United Provinces, whoſe new friends, the French, might in quality of being the moſt favoured nation, ſtep in for it. To give our readers ſome idea of the importance of the Dutch trade to England, we ſhall inform them, that the very year before the breaking out of the laſt war with Holland, the exports from England to that country, amounted, on the moſt moderate computation, to

£. 2,026,722 Sterl.

And the imports from it 400,273

£. 1,626,449

by which the Britiſh nation gained a balance of 1,626,449l.

Authentic accounts are juſt arrived from Wezel, with intelligence that the Government there had received a letter from the King of Pruſſia to the following purport:

"Whereas the ſituation of affairs in the Seven Provinces has now neceſſitated me to take an active part in them, I have reſolved to march an army from 60 to 70,000 men thither; and I deſire you will immediately cauſe the neceſſary preparations to be made againſt their arrival. For your regulation, have further to inform you, that they march the 18th of July from Madgdenburgh, and will be in your parts on or about the 30th of the ſame month."

By a gentleman juſt arrived from Breſt, we learn, that the French are exerting themſelves at that port, with uncommon diligence. A Courier arrived there on the 24th inſtant, from Verſailles, with diſpatches for the commanding officer; ——immediately after which the ſhipwrights were ordered to work double tides, and an additional quantity of proviſions and naval ſtores were ſhipped on board five ſhips of the line; which, it is thought, are deſtined for the Eaſt-Indies. It appears that no leſs than three ſhips, armed en flute, have ſailed, ſingly, for the Mauritius, within the laſt ſix months. Theſe ſhips are laden with all kinds of naval and military ſtores, and when cleared, are capable of mounting 64 guns,- the lower tier of guns being put in the hold, for the purpoſe of rendering the accommodations for the ſtores, the more capacious. What are the ſupine Miniſters of Great Britain about? We have not a ſingle ſhip of force in the Eaſtern Hemiſphere. The Dutch, and French, are in full force there!

Wedneſday was launched at Harwich, the Excellent, a new ſhip of 24 guns, which has been five years on the ſtocks in the King's yard there.

Extract of a letter from Helvoetſluys, July 18.

Notwithſtanding what may be aſſerted to the contrary, this city has more reaſon to apprehend an attack from the Stadtholder's army, than the Province of Holland, in the preſent conjuncture of affairs. The rival States of Amerſtort and our Patriotic regency diſputing the Sovereignty of the Province, invites the ambition of the Orange party to ſubjugate the whole to the ſelf created regency of the former; to this may be added the deciſive meaſures of the States-General, which give every countenance to the Partiſans of the Stadtholder's faction. All theſe apprehenſions, which ſeem well founded to us, do not in the leaſt abate the ardour of our brave armed fellow citizens, who ſeem to gain new courage from the impending manaces. The zeal of our co-patriots in auxiliaries men and money. We are determined to brave the worſt, againſt an army, whoſe want and licentiouſneſs muſt render us a prey to pillage and ſlaughter, if once they get us in their power.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, July 5.

"This moment a rumour is ſpread, that the town of Wyck has ſurrendered to the troops of the Prince; that the ancient Regency is reſtored; the Burghers diſarmed,--and that this Bulwark of Utrecht, is entirely ſubdued. If this news is confirmed by to-morrow, Holland will yield to the deſire of the free corps, which to form themſelves into an army, in number from 20 to 25,000 men, and join the legion of Salm, then march with a numerous artillery for Zeiſt, then to Amersfort and from thence to Guelders, to ſweep, by a coup de main the little army of the Prince, without waiting its making a further progreſs.

"The General Aſſembly of the Free Corps has already declared, that it cannot delay the execution of this plan any longer, the only one that can ſave Holland, and the city of Utrecht; the Burghers army will be 30,000 ſtrong, and they conceive that there is not a moment to be loſt.

"P. S. The news is confirmed. Wyck is taken! The attack on Utrecht is ſaid to be for Monday, (9th) Wyck made no reſiſtance;---there were only 100 armed men in it."

This is the day, "the great, the important day," when differences are to be ſettled for time-bargains, or ducks muſt waddle.

The confuſion that is expected to take place this day at the Stock Exchange, will, in all probability, be equal to what we read of Babel of old, from the roaring of thoſe alley beaſts, y'clept Bulls and Bears.

[From the London Morning Poſt of Aug 2.]

Our laſt letters from Utrecht inform us of the following deſperate reſolution having been entered into by the Council of War of the armed citizens.

"Reſolved, and it is hereby underſtood, to be the opinion of this Board, that no thoughts ſhould be entertained of giving up the ſaid city, whatever be the extremity to which it may be driven: That it ſhall, on the contrary, be defended till it be reduced to a heap of ruins, that the enemy may find nothing therein to glut their cruel revenge: Nay, that if needful, after holding out as long as poſſible, thoſe who may ſurvive the ſlaughter of their fellow citizens, ſhall ſet fire to the four parts of the ſaid city before they deſert it."

NEWBERN, September 20.

THERE is beyond doubt a noted officer of the late continental army now in this city, who is employed by the ſtate of Franklin and other ſettlements, in purchaſing conſiderable quantities of arms and ammunition. It is ſtrongly ſuſpected that a daring enterpriſe againſt New Orleans is in agitation. As I am no politician, I leave it to others to decide whether the people weſtward of the mountains, have a right to make war independent of the permiſſion of Congreſs. Be this as it may, there is certainly ſomething a brewing; and Mr Gardoqui has remonſtrated to Congreſs concerning the audacity of the people of Kntuckey in preſuming to float on the waters of his Catholic Majeſty. I am apprehenſive, that the inhabitants of the weſtern country will pay but little attention to the joint admonitions of Congreſs and the King of Spain, reſpecting the navigation of the Miſſiſippi.

RICHMOND, OCT. 4.

The UNITED STATES in CONGRESS ASSEMBLED,

FRIDAY, September 28, 1787.

PRESENT.——New Hampſhire, Maſſachuſetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, and from Maryland, Mr. Roſs.

Congreſs having received the report of the Convention lately aſſembled in Philadelphia,

Reſolved Unanimouſly,

THAT the ſaid report, with the reſolutions and letter accompanying the ſame, be tranſmitted to the ſeveral Legiſlatures, in order to be ſubmitted to a Convention of Delagates, choſen in each ſtate by the people thereof, in conformity to the reſolves of the Convention, made and provided in that caſe.

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

160

From a London paragraph we learn, that, according to letters received by the last ship from Quebec, a very large colony have settled upon Beaver Island, which is situated on the north, i. e. the British side of Lake Ontario, with leave of the Governour General of America, Lord Dorchester; where they have every prospect of carrying on a most extensive trade for furs, &c. with the Indian nations, who prefer a traffic nearer home than coming over the falls to Montreal or Quebec. Very large quantities of goods are preparing to be sent off from Quebec to the new settlers, for trafficking with the Indians.

On Monday last, the Jockey Club Purse of 100 *guineas, was run for over the course in Fredericksburg, and won by* ACTAEON, *the property of Mr. William D. Claiborne of New Kent.*

On Tuesday, a purse of 75 *guineas, was run for over the same course, and won by Mr. Claiborne's horse* HAZARD.

And on Wednesday, a purse of 50 *guineas was run for, and won by* DIANA, *the property of Mr. J. Foster.*

Early yesterday morning departed this life Mr. JAMES BUCHANAN, *the oldest merchant of this city.——His virtues as a man, and his merits as a citizen need not the blazoning aid of pompous panygerick. Ever assiduous and just in public life, and in private universally benevolent, he was most esteemed where he was best known, and is there consequently most lamented.*

On Tuesday 7th August, died at Nassau, New-Providence, Mr. GEORGE WRIGHT, lately a merchant of repute in Amelia county, Virginia. In this gentleman were united the social virtues of a friend, as also the moral duties of the Christian. His heart displayed universal philanthropy to men of all nations, sects or professions; his purse was open to the indigent hand, and his counsels to the friend who needed them.

Arrivals at Norfolk.

Ship South Carolina, King, London.
Norfolk, Cook, Hull.
Brig Barbadoes, M'Niel, Glasgow & Liverpool.
L'Alouette, Heron, Charente.
Schooner Kentucke, Quarles, New York.
Sloop ——, Goffigan, ditto.
Little Betsey, Minor, Philadelphia.

CLEARANCES.

Brig Kitty, Huston, Liverpool.
Aurora, Gardiner, Grenada.
Schooner Eleanor, Burk, Philadelphia.
Sloop New York Packet, White, New York.

From Mr. LINDSAY's Marine Intelligencer,

September 27.

When Captain Applethwaite left St. Thomas's, Captain Thomson of the sloop New York Packet, from Portsmouth; and the schooner ——, Captain Watson, from this port, were both there, but had not sold their cargoes.

October 2.

Captain King of the ship South Carolina, from London, informs, that he fell in with the brig Earl of Eglinton, Captain Woodrow, from Potowmack, bound to London, in great distress, having sprung a leak the third day after she left Cape Henry, which gained so fast they were under the necessity of throwing overboard the greater part of the cargo. Captain King staid by her until they got into soundings, when she bore for the Delaware, in company with a brig; which port as the weather was favourable for some days, it is supposed she reached.

Captain Cook of the Norfolk, from Hull, spoke on the 30th August, in lat. 44. 28. N. long. 42. 24. W. the brig New York, belonging to Richmond, out 18 days, bound to Bourdeaux, all well. On September 24th, in lat. 34. 20. N. long. 69. 0. W. spoke the brig Nancy, belonging to Philadelphia, out ten days from Charlestown, bound to Marseilles, all well.

VIRGINIA Prices Current.

TOBACCO, James River.

Upper District, leaf, from	24 to 28s.
—— —— stem'd	30s.
Appamatox,	28s.
York River upper district,	26 to 28s.
—— lower district,	22 to 24s.
Tar,	12s.
Turpentine,	15s
Pitt Coal per bushel,	11d.
Wheat per bushel,	4s. 6d.
Indian Corn per barrel.	18 to 20s.
Flour per barrel	30 to 36s.
Meal per 100 wt.	9s.
Oats, per bushel,	2s.
Potatoes per do.	3s.
Fresh Butter per lb.	8d.
Beef per barrel,	£. 3 10 to £. 4.
Pork per do.	4 to 4. 10d.
Bacon per lb.	9d.
Beeswax,	15d.
Ginseng,	2s.

SEPTEMBER 26, 1787.

WHEREAS a certain ABRAHAM BUFORD, formerly a Colonel in the Continental army, has endeavoured to injure my character, and has refused to give me the satisfaction which every gentleman is intitled to. I do hereby publish the said BUFORD a coward, and an infamous scoundrel; my place of residence is at Independant Farm, Bedford county.

GEORGE LAMBERT.

RICHMOND, October 5, 1787.

Mr. NICOLSON,

AS a full answer to the impudent advertisement of a certain GEORGE LAMBERT, printed in your paper of yesterday, I request you will insert in your next the inclosed extract from the general orders as the late Commander in Chief of the American army, which my humanity prevented being published in the year 1778.

The extract is faithfully taken from a regimental orderly book in the possession of a gentleman now in town, who was a Field Officer in the Virginia troops.

I am,
Your most Obedient Servant,
ABRAHAM BUFORD.

HEAD QUARTERS, Valley Forge, January 18, 1778.

"Major General for to-morrow, GREEN.
"Brigadier, MAXWELL.
"Field Officers, Col. Carlton, and Lieut. Col. Harney,
Brigade Major, KELLEY.

"AT a division Court Martial held the 15th inst whereof Lieutenant Col. Ballard was President, Captain Lambert of the 14th Virginia regiment, was tryed for stealing a HAT from Captain Allison, found guilty, and sentenced to be cashiered, and that it be deemed scandalous for an Officer to associate with him in future. That his crime, name, place of abode, and punishment be published in and about camp, and in the newspapers of every state, particularly in the state to which he belongs; that he pay Captain Allison THIRTY DOLLARS for the HAT he stole from him; also the expences of the witnesses against him, and of the express that was sent for them, which shall be paid before he is released from his confinement.

"The Commander in Chief approves the sentence, and orders it to take place immediately"

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT a petition will be presented to the next Assembly to invest in me a certain piece of LAND whereon I now live in the county of King William

p FRANCIS WEST.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT a petition will be presented to the next General Assembly for an inspection of lumber in the county of Surry, subject to the same restrictions and regulations with that already established by act in Norfolk.

HANOVER, October 9, 1787.

THE subscriber intends to Kentucky, and now offers for sale the beautiful place he now lives on in the Fork of Hanover, there is 207 acres of land, an elegant and commodious dwelling house, four rooms and four fire places below stairs, and a large passage, brick celler, a portico 50 feet long, a fine fishery, and a mineral spring. With it may be had most of the furniture and stock, one half money down, the other in twelve months giving bond and security.

p THOMAS HINDE.

Forty Shillings Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from the Palace Land in Williamsburg, in May last, a sorrel MARE, near fourteen hands high, a blaze face, hind feet white, her brand, if any, forgot, trots and gallops well, has been galled on the breast by a collar in working. Any person who will deliver her, or give such information so that she may be got again, shall have a reward of Forty Shillings.

THOMAS LAWSON.

Williamsburg, October 6, 1787.

TAKEN up in Amelia about 12 months ago, near the head of Flat Creek, a sorrel HORSE colt, about 4 feet 5 or 6 inches high, 4 years old, neither dockt nor branded, a star in his forehead, snip on his nose, his near hind foot white above the footlock. Appraised to six pounds.

p MARY FOSTER.

TAKEN up in Charlotte a sorrel MARE, about 10 years old, 4 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a scar on each side of her back, a remarkable scar on her right knee, left eye out, hanging mane and switch tail, neither dockt nor branded. Appraised to £. 28

p WILLIAM WARD.

JUST PUBLISHED;

And for sale by THOMAS NICOLSON,
At his Office near the Courthouse,

The Virginia Almanack, For the Year 1788,

Being Bessextile, or Leap Year.

CONTAINING the Lunations, Conjunctions, Eclipses, Weather, rising and setting of the Sun; change and full of the Moon; County and other Court days; list of Public Officers; Roads from Richmond to the Sweet Springs; a variety of Anecdotes and pieces of Wit; Weight of Gold established by act of Assembly; Scale of Depreciation; a complete table for weighing Gold, from one Grain to sixty four Ounces; Receipt for a Cancer; an easy method of finding Interest for any sum; Days on which the Posts and Packets set out; Receipt for making French Bread; how to keep French Beans and Green Peas till Christmas; to make Mead; to fine Cyder; a short sketch on Gardening; to take Pimples and Freckles off the Face; to make Liquid Blacken; Receipts for Worms in Children; to take out Grease, spots of Ink, Tar, Wine, &c. out of Cloth; to kill Chinches, Gargle for the Sore Throat: cure for the Scurvy, Tooth-Ach, and a number of other useful Receipts.

To be Sold,

On the premises in Williamsburg, on Monday the 12th of November,

THE BRICK HOUSE the property of the late Mrs. Hunter, situated in the most public part of the city, well calculated for a store or dwelling house, in very good repair, it has a flush cellar, laid with flag stones, and a very convenient kitchen; also two very likely NEGRO WOMEN, both exceeding good house servants, one is also an excellent washer, ironer, and clear starcher, and a good pastry cook; one of the women has four fine children who will be sold with their mother, the other has two very likely girls, they will be sold either with their mother or separately; likewise the household and kitchen furniture, among which are a handsome chest of drawers, and a desk and book case, both mahogany, with several very useful articles for a kitchen, particularly a very good jack, with every thing compleat.

Six months credit will be allowed for one half the purchase money, and twelve months for the remainder, on giving bond with approved security to

EDWARD CHARLTON, Adm'r

At the same time will be sold about one hundred and fifty bushels of COALS

N. B. If the bonds are not paid punctually interest from the date, E. C.

Williamsburg, October 8, 1787.

For Sale,

And possession given the 1st day of January 1788,

A TRACT OF

LAND,

Consisting of 601½ ACRES,

LYING in the county of Hanover, and on each side of Stag creek upwards of one mile, twenty miles from the city of Richmond, eighteen from Hanover-Town, and twenty one from New Castle, there is on the land, a good dwelling house, large enough to accommodate a small family with a little repair, an exceeding good kitchen, dairy, garden &c. with a good apple orchard. The soil of this land is well adapted for the culture of corn, wheat, or tobacco, with a sufficient quantity of ground cleared to work six or eight hands to advantage, it is supposed by the most accurate judges to be timber of the best quality, sufficient to produce one hundred thousand feet of good flooring plank, and this laying within half a mile of a good saw mill. The land will be shewn and terms of sale made known by applying to the subscriber who lives on the premises, or in his absence to Captain JOHN NORVELL, who lives within half a mile of the place.

THOMAS WHITE.

Hanover, October 1, 1787.

To be Sold,

AT Manchester on Friday the 2d of November about thirty likely NEGROES, consisting of men, women, boys, and girls, among them are several valuable HOUSE SERVANTS. One half will be sold for ready money, and the other on short credit.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber about four months ago, a negro man named MATT, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a tawney complexion, with remarkable large lips, he wore away with him a blue coat, oznabrigs trowsers, and a round hat. He was formerly the property of John Clayton, dec. in Gloucester county, and is supposed to be in that neighbourhood, plays on the fiddle and I expect will change his dress. Whoever will deliver or secure the said slave in jail, and inform me thereof, shall receive the above reward. I forewarn all persons or masters of vessels from harbouring the said slave.

PETER MYERS.

Williamsburg, October 2, 1787.

POETRY.

ADVICE to the FAIR SEX.

A SONG.

YE beauties, or ſuch as would beauties be fam'd,
Lay patches and waſhes and paintings aſide,
Go burn all the glaſſes that ever were fram'd;
The gewgaws of faſhion, and knicknack of pride.
A noſtrum to cull from the toilet of reaſon,
'Tis eaſy, 'tis cheap, and 'tis ever in ſeaſon,
When art has is vain her coſmetics applyed.

Good nature, believe me, is the ſmootheſt of varniſh,
Which ever bedimples the beautyful cheek;
No time nor no tint can its excellence tarniſh,
It holds good ſo long, and it lies on ſo ſleek.
'Tis more than the bluſh of the roſe in the morning,
The white of the lilly is not ſo adorning,
All accident proof, and all ſcrutiny ſcorning,
'Tis eaſy to the witty and weak.

'Tis ſurely the girdle that venus was bound with,
The graces, her handmaids, all proud put it on;
'Tis ſurely the radiance Aurora is cown'd with,
Who ſmilling, ariſes and waits on the ſun,
Oh! wear it, ye ladies, on every occaſion,
'Tis the nobleſt proof, 'tis the ſtrongeſt perſuaſion,
'Twill keep, nay, 'twill almoſt retrieve reputation:
And laſt, and look lovely, when beauty is gone.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Has on hand a ſmall aſſortment of
DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
CORDUROYS, Serge denems, German ſerges, broad-cloathes, caſimers, modes, luſtring, Perſſians, durants, &c. &c.
Amounting to about £.400 Sterling,
Which he will ſell on reaſonable terms for ready money, or barter for good merchantable wheat.

ROBERT TAYLOR.

Norfolk, September 17, 1787.

VIRGINIA.

At a Court of Admiralty held at the Capitol in the City of Williamſburg, the 22d day of June, 1787.

ORDERED that publication be made in the Virginia Gazette for one year from this time, that there is in the hands of the Marſhal of this Court the ſum of 462 l. 13 s. 2 d. being one moiety of the nett proceeds of the ſale of a certain ſchooner and her cargo of RUM and SUGAR which was taken up at ſea by James M'Donald, maſter of the ſhip Grange, and John Boyle, maſter of the ſhip Ann, in lat. 36. 47. long. 50. 25. weſt from London, not having any papers or a living creature on board, and by them libelled in this Court; the ſaid ſchooner is a heavy looking clump, very old, of about 60 or 70 tons burthen, has been ſheathed with copper, which is taken off, and is newly ceiled with very broad plank, has ſome large ſtrops of iron acroſs her bow and bend, and is ſuppoſed to be a northward built veſſel. The cargo of rum, c c is marked MP, HP, MP, and MB, and the ſugar marked HP. The perſon or perſons entitled to the ſame upon proving their right to the Court, will receive the above moiety.

(A Copy)
Teſte WM. RUSSELL, Regiſter.

SNUFF
MILLS,
AT
WILLIAMSBURG.

THE proprietors of which have for ſale a large quantity of SCOTCH SNUFF, two years old, and by judges of that article, ſaid to be fully equal to any imported from Europe. RAPPEE SNUFF, ſuperior to what can poſſibly croſs the Atlantic. TWIST & SHAGG, for chewing, fine CUT for ſmoaking, to be had at the ſame place. The prices wholeſale are 25 per cent. lower then any other ſtate do furniſh thoſe articles. All orders addreſſed as above, due attention will be paid for expedition and care in package.

By the public's devoted ſervants,
HUNT & ADAMS.

Williamſburg, March 9. 1787.

N B. The above articles are to be had at their ſhop in Richmond, and at Mr. Robt. Greenhow's ſtore on Shockoe hill near the Theatre.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made to the enſuing General Aſſembly to annex to the county of Mecklenburg the iſland in the fork of Staunton and Dan rivers, belonging to Sir Peyton Skipwith, Baronet, and the big iſland, belonging to the eſtate of Colonel Lewis Burwell, deceaſed, at preſent the above-mentioned iſlands are ſuppoſed to be in HALIFAX county.

MARCUS ELCAN,
HAS FOR SALE,
AT HIS STORE,
A neat ASSORTMENT of ſeaſonable
GOODS,
CONSISTING of

DIFFERENT colours and qualities of broad-cloaths, with trimmings ſuitable. Coatings, frizes, ſtriped and roſe blankets, rugs and flandels. Camblets, durants, ſhallons, Murin's quality binding, and jeans. Corduroys, and velverets, plain and figured. Check, ſtripe, and cotton furniture. German and Britiſh oznabrigs. Ruſſia and drilling. Iriſh and Dutch linens, ſheetings, dowlaſs, and half bleached linen. Plateles roial, bed tick, lawn and cambrick. Engliſh and Dutch chintzes and callicoes, Marſeilles quilting. Thread and worſtead hoſe, ladies calimanco ſhoes. Figured, black, and white ſattin, India taffities, do. Perſians. Luſtrings, modes, mantuas, ribbands, ſilk and pocket handkerchiefs Hats of all qualities, men's ſaddles, pewter diſhes, plates, &c. Hardware, ironmongery, ſtationary, tin ware, and copper tea kettles, bar lead, ſhot, powder, bar iron, and German ſteel. Teneriff wine, Gineva in caſes and jugs, porter in bottles, Liverpool ſalt, and a number of other articles too tedious to mention, which he will ſell for CASH, COUNTRY PRODUCE, and PUBLIC SECURITIES, on very moderate terms.

Notice to the Public.

THE large BRICK HOUSE at the Weſt end of this city, formerly occupied as a TAVERN by the ſubſcriber, will again be in readineſs, for the accommodation of gentlemen, by the meeting of the Aſſembly, and rebuilt with conſiderable improvements, ſuch, perhaps, as few houſes on the continent afford. particularly in lodging rooms, none of which to contain more than two beds, with a fire place in each, and diſtinct entries to the whole.—— An elegant and commodious BALL ROOM, which will be furniſhed as a COFFEE ROOM, where gentlemen may find it convenient for amuſement or tranſaction of buſineſs.—— Alſo commodious STABLES and CARRIAGE HOUSE.—— If the above conveniences ſhould be an inducement for encouragement to the keeper, every poſſible exertion ſhall be made to merit a continuance of cuſtom.

☞ Thoſe indebted to him will he hopes, render all poſſible aſſiſtance, that he may be enabled to provide well for the undertaking.

ROBERT ANDERSON.

RICHMOND, Sept. 12, 1787.

JACOB KUHN,
HAS FOR SALE,
At his Store oppoſite the lower Warehouſe,
By *Wholeſale* and *Retail*,
A large and general aſſorment of
DRY GOODS,
WEST-INDIA PRODUCE,
AND GROCERIES.

Caſh, tobacco, flour, wheat, corn, oats, peas, beans, bacon, cheeſe, butter, hops, flaxſeed, linſeed oil, hemp, ſhoe-thread, tallow, bees-wax, ginſeng, bear, beaver, otter, rackoon, mink, and muſkrat ſkins, &c. &c. will be received in payment.

Frederickſburg, Auguſt 29, 1787.

For Sale,

And may be had cheap for the ready money,
The beautiful and very high blooded
Imported HORSE
NESTOR,
A remarkable ſure foal-getter.

CHARLES CARTER.

Shirley, Charles-City county, Sept. 24, 1787.

HAY MARKET,

THE SUBSCRIBER cannot without ingratitude, omit returning his thanks ſincerely to the public and his particular friends who have hitherto ſo liberally encouraged the inſtitution of his Livery Stables in this city, and hopes by an uniform adherance to his original deſign of reducing the price of keeping horſes in this place as low as poſſible, with juſtice to their owners, to merit a continuance of their favours.

His STABLES are now well ſupplied with excellent FORAGE, STRAW, and good attendance, and from the preſent ſcarcity of caſh, and conſequently the reduced price of hay, &c. HORSES will be received from and after the firſt of October next, at 3 s. per night, or 20 s. per week. Gentlemen merchants and others may have their horſes at livery for any length of time agreeable to bargain.

The Hay Market INN will be opened on the firſt day of October, by a perſon qualified to keep it in a proper manner for the entertainment of ſuch gentlemen who may honor the place with their company. The gentlemen of the aſſembly may be accommodated with ROOMS, BOARD, and LODGING, with a Hackney Coach to attend them to and from the ſtate houſe on the moſt reaſonable terms.—— EXPRESSES furniſhed at the ſhorteſt notice, HORSES to HIRE, and HACKNEY COACHES when called for as uſual.

I have a handſome TENEMENT or which is an elegant and commodious Dwelling Houſe, ſtable for eight horſes, kitchen, dairy, and ſmoak-houſe, ice-houſe, and a well of excellent water, a highly manured garden and clover lot, which I would LET for one or more years, on reaſonable terms.

J. PRYOR.

City of Richmond, Sept. 25, 1787.

County Court Clerks, merchants, ſheriffs, naval-officers, and others may be furniſhed with any of the undermentioned BLANKS, at the ſhorteſt notice, by the Printer hereof, viz.

COUNTY COURT.

PETITION & SUMMONS.
SUBOENAS.
WRITS.
ATTACHMENTS.
EXECUTIONS.
EXECUTORS BONDS.
ADMINISTRATORS ditto.
ORPHANS ditto.

SHERIFFS.

REPLEVY BONDS.
APPEARANCE ditto.
PRISON BOUND ditto.

MERCHANTS.

COMMON BONDS.
NOTES OF HAND.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
BILLS OF LADING.
BILLS OF SALE.
DEEDS OF TRUST.
DEEDS FOR LAND.
SEAMEN's ARTICLES.
INDENTURES &c.

NAVAL OFFICERS.

DUTYBONDS.
CLEARANCES.
PERMITS, &c.

Delarations for Lawyers,
OF VARIOUS FORMS.

Now Selling,

BY THE PRINTER HEREOF,
THE POOR SOLDIER,
A Comic OPERA,
In two acts.

M'MURRAY's MAP
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

162